WHY WATER, SANITATION AND HYGIENE MATTER FOR PEOPLE LIVING WITH HIV/AIDS

Julia Rosenbaum, Mesfin Tesfay, Eleonore Seumo and Renuka Bery, USAID/Hygiene Improvement Project (USA/Ethiopia); Andreas Knapp, World Bank/WSP; PSI/Abt Associates; Marie Coughlan, SAVE the Children/US; Catholic Relief Services; Community and Faith-based Organizations throughout Ethiopia

Why Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene (WASH) Matter for PLWHA

- Diarrhea affects 90% of people living with HIV and AIDS (PLWHA), causing significant morbidity and mortality
- Morbidity and mortality from diarrhea more severe in HIV+ children
- Most diarrhea is caused by unsafe water, inadequate sanitation and poor hygiene
- Diarrheal disease reduces absorption of antiretrovirals

What Can be Done?

Identify "Small Doable Actions"

Though not the ideal practice, small doable actions are small improvements to existing household practices that are feasible in resource poor contexts yet still effective in reducing diarrhea and improving the quality of life

Simple action research methodology

Integrate Small Doable Actions into Existing Care and Support Programs for PLWHA & HIV Considerations into Water and Sanitation Programs Programming guidance, capacity

- Diarrheal disease is demoralizing and debilitating for PLWHA and is a burden on caregivers in clinics and homes
- PLWHA need more water to keep environment clean, to soften food, prepare weaning foods

The Evidence Base for WASH

- Hygiene improvement can reduce risk of diarrhea disease (DD) for PLWHA by 30& or more
- Safe water consumption, presence of soap and latrine each associated with reduced incidence and severity of diarrhea with PLWHA
- Hand washing with soap can reduce DD by 43%
- Safe water treatment and storage at the point of use can reduce DD by 30-50%
- Proper disposal of feces can reduce DD by 30% or more
- Literature review WB/WSP and USAID/HIP outlines the evidence base, available on line

available to identify "small doable actions"

building curricula, job aids available

Illustrative Small Doable Actions for Household Water Treatment & Storage, Feces Management, and Hand Washing

Current Practices Needing Improvement

Drinking water contaminated in transport

Storage container uncovered

Unclean cup used to serve water

Not enough water

No running water for handwashing

Small Doable Actions

Treat water

Change to narrow neck container

Cover and attach cover to neck with string to keep off floor

Water utility identify 'vulnerable areas' to increase availability

Use tippy tap to conserve water





HIP Resources on HIV/AIDS and Hygiene Integration http://www.hip.watsan.net Join the International Community of Practice! **Dip hand washing**

No latrine

Person with HIV AIDS too weak to stand and travel to latrine





Create a hand washing station in home Make 'home made' potty/ bed pan from local materials

Build ecosan latrine

Clear path to latrine, fill holes

Make housing around latrine larger for assistant to enter and assist

Add support poles, stools as needed to support squatting



